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AN AMERICAN ROMANTIC
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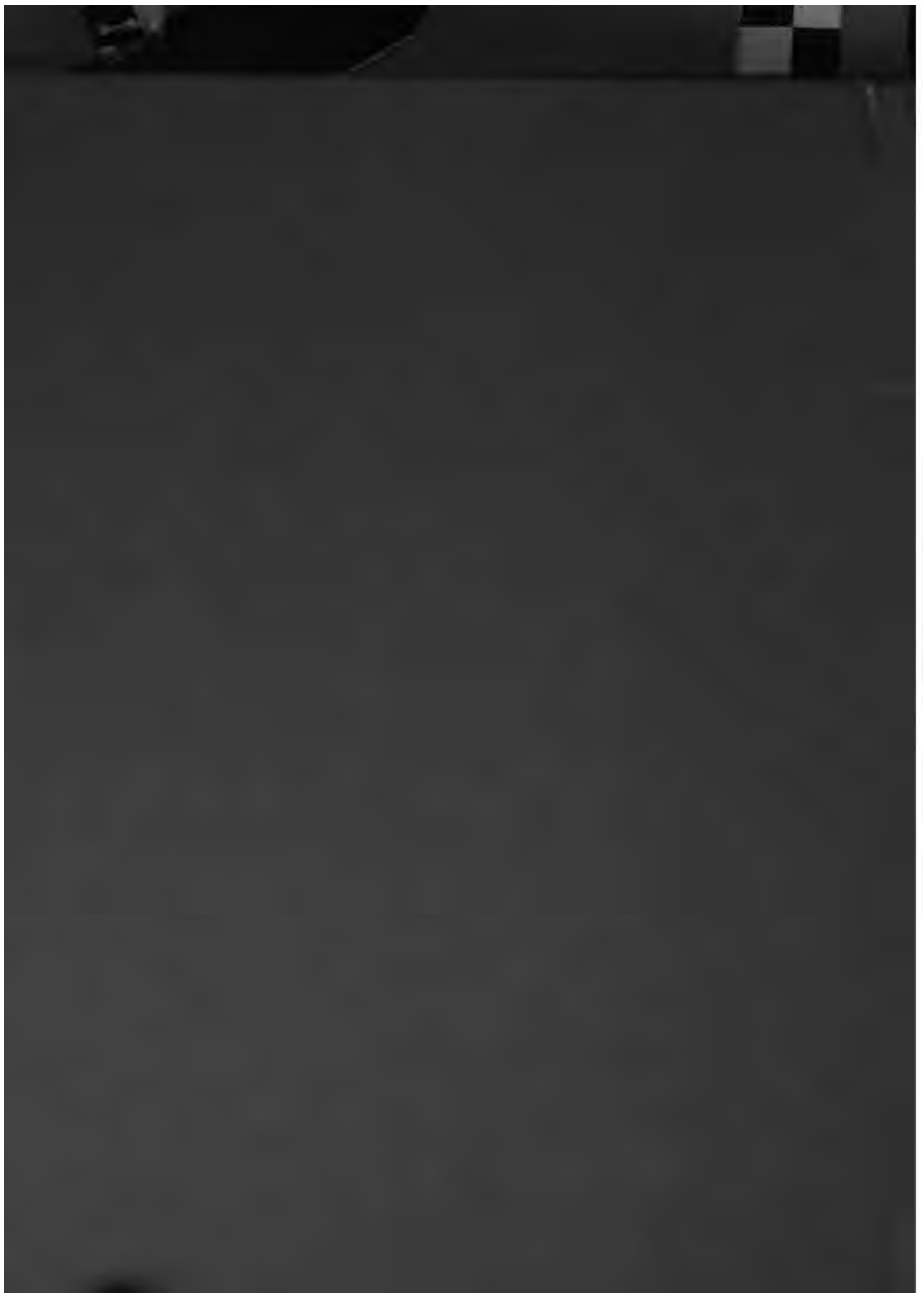
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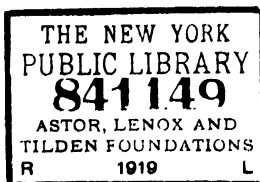
AN AMERICAN-ROMANI VOCABULARY

BY ALBERT THOMAS SINCLAIR

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AN AMERICAN-ROMANI VOCABULARY

BY ALBERT THOMAS SINCLAIR

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THE vocabulary of the American-Gypsy language printed below is compiled from manuscripts of the late Albert Thomas Sinclair of Allston, Massachusetts. These manuscripts are now in The New York Public Library. The vocabulary is the result of inquiries made by Mr. Sinclair among hundreds of Gypsies in different parts of the United States, and is confined strictly to the English-speaking Gypsies born in Great Britain or their American descendants. Mr. Sinclair says in one of his manuscripts that no one Gypsy was familiar with all the words he had noted, but many of them knew nearly all. Most of the younger generation born in the United States, however, understood very few of them.

The only other vocabulary of American-Romani is that published by Professor Prince in the *Journal* of the American Oriental Society,¹ to which the present list forms a valuable supplement.

For an account of Mr. Sinclair's Gypsy studies see the *Gypsy Lore Society Journal*, new series, v. 5, p. 143-145, Liverpool, 1912.

The Romani, the language spoken by the American Gypsies of English descent, is now little more than a broken jargon based grammatically on English. The vocabulary, on the other hand, abundantly shows its Indian origin, a point more fully brought out in the following phonological notes.

A few remnants of the older grammatical forms in American-Romani are here noted: The genitive singular *-eskoro* and the genitive plural *-engoro* are used to form derivative nouns as shown under *činamaskero*, *činemangero*, *giliengero*, and *kūrāmengero*. Examples of the feminine plural in *-a* are preserved in *kania* "ears," *lilya* "papers," and in *hevyas*, to which the English plural *s* has been added. *Keri* "at home" preserves the old locative case. The abstract termination *-ben* (Gujarati *pan*) is still in use in *delaben* "a present" from *del* "to give," and in *kamaben* from *kam* "to love." The comparative of adjectives is still expressed by *-der* (Sanskrit *-tara*, Persian *-tar*), as in *būtedēr* "better." In the verbs practically all the inflexions are lost, the root alone being preserved as in *jin* (for *jināva*), *dik* (for *dikāva*), *riv* (for *rivāva*), etc.

¹ "The English-Romany jargon of the American roads." By J. Dyneley Prince. (American Oriental Society. *Journal*. v. 28 p. 271-308. 1907.)

In the vocabulary the full forms of most of the words in the Turkish-Romani (the purest form of the language) are added in brackets from Paspati,¹ and corrupt English grammatical endings are distinguished by being printed in roman type. A number of Hindustani equivalents (marked H.) are added to illustrate further the oriental origin of Romani.

PHONOLOGICAL NOTES

a. Gypsy *a* represents Sanskrit *a* and *e*, e. g., *manuṣ* (in American-Romani abridged to *muṣ*) "man," Skt. *manuṣa*, Pali *mānusa*; *deś* "ten," Skt. *daśan*; *nevi* "new," Skt. and Pali *nava*; *terno* "young," Skt. and Pali *tārūna*. In adjectives final *a* of Skt. is represented by *o*, as in *mato* "drunk," Skt. *mada*, Pali *matta*; *kalo* "black," Skt. and Pali *kāla*.

e remains unchanged: *devel* (American-Romani *duvel*) "God," Skt. *deva*. In many words Romani *er* represents Skt. *ri* or *rī*: *kerāva* "I make," Skt. *kri*; *merāva* "I die," Skt. *mri*.

i in general represents Skt. *i*: *čūrī* "knife," Skt. *churī*. *-i* and *-ni* are the usual terminations of Romani feminine nouns, as *čavi* "girl," *dai* "mother," *grasni* "mare," etc.

u represents Skt. *o* and *u*, as *puro* "old," Skt. *pura* "former," *grāvni* "ox," Skt. *go*; *lunni* "harlot," Skt. *lobhin* "desirous."

b represents Skt. *b*: *bal* "hair," Skt. *bāla*; *balo* "pig," Skt. *balin* "strong." It also represents Skt. *v* as in *beš* "year," Skt. *varsā*.

č represents Skt. *č* and *ch*: *čin* "to cut," Skt. *chinna* "cut, divided," *čik* "mud," Skt. *čik-ala* "mud, mire," *čūrī* "knife," Skt. *churī*; *čuma* "kiss," Skt. *čumb*.

d is the same as Skt. *d*, as *dan* "tooth," Skt. and Pali *danta*; *duka* "to hurt," Skt. *dukkha* "pain, sorrow."

g retains its proper sound: *guna* "bag," Skt. *goni*; *wanga* "coal," Skt. *angāra* "charcoal." It is sometimes represented by *k*, as *ker* "house," Skt. *agāra*.

h and *č* sometimes represent aspirated *k* (*kh*) of Skt., as *čā*, *hā* "to eat," Skt. *khād*; *hev* "hole," Skt. *khan* "to dig."

j is the same as Skt. *j*: *jin* (*jināva*) "to know," Skt. *jñā*; *jiv* (*jivāva*) "to live," Skt. *jīva*.

k is one of the commonest letters in Romani. It represents Skt. *k* as *kan* "sun," Skt. *kan* "to shine," *kašt* "wood," Skt. *kāṣṭha*. It frequently becomes a gentle breathing as in *hānjen* "to itch," Skt. *kand* "itching." It sometimes becomes assimilated with the following consonant as *rat* "blood," Skt. *rakta* "red."

l often represents Skt. *r* as *mulo* "dead," Skt. *māra* "death."

m generally answers to Skt. *m* as *mūi* "mouth," Skt. *mukha*; *mer* "to die," Skt. *mri*.

p frequently represents Skt. *bh*: *puv* "earth," Skt. and Pali *bhū*; *pal* "brother," Skt. *bhratri*. Skt. *p* also suffers assimilation with the following consonant, as *tato* "hot," Skt. *tapta* "warm."

r represents Skt. *r* in *rup* "silver," Skt. *rupya*, etc. Like *k* and *p* Skt. *r* frequently becomes assimilated with the following consonant: *kan* "ear," Skt. *karna*; *gav* "village," Skt. *grāma*; *sap* "snake," Skt. *śarpa*.

š answers to Skt. *ś* and *sh*, e. g. *šāšai* "rabbit," Skt. *śaśa*; *šelo* "rope," Skt. *śulla*, etc.

v sometimes represents Skt. *m*: *gav* "village," Skt. *grāma*; *nav* "name," Skt. *naman*, Pali *nama*; *iv* "snow," Skt. *hima*. In many other words, however, it remains unchanged: *nevi* "new," Skt. and Pali *nava*. It occasionally represents Skt. *h*, as in *vast* "hand," Skt. *hasta*.

¹ *Études sur les Tchinghianés ou Bohémiens de l'empire Ottoman*. Par A. G. Paspati. Constantinople, 1870.

Although Gypsies have existed in the United States for two hundred and fifty years the literature dealing with them is of brief extent, and the following titles cover all that is most important on the subject:

Berry, Riley Maria Fletcher. *The American Gypsy*. An accurate and picturesque account, embodying the results of long personal investigation. 11 illus. (Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly. New York, 1902. 8°. v. 53, p. 560-572.)

— *The American Gipsy*. 8 illus. (Century Magazine. New York, 1910. 8°. v. 80, p. 614-623.)

Dodd-Poince, Adah. *The Gypsies under the Stanley government*. 4 illus. (Ohio Magazine. Columbus, 1908. 8°. v. 4, p. 413-418.)

Jones, Alexander. *American Gypsies*. (American Journal of Science and Arts. New Haven, 1834. 8°. v. 26, p. 189-190.)

Leland, Charles Godfrey. *The Gypsies*. Boston: Houghton, Mifflin & Co., 1882.

— *Visiting the Gypsies*. illus. (Century Magazine. New York, 1883. 8°. new series. v. 3, p. 905-912.)

Macleod, William. *A new world Gypsy camp*. 1 pl. (Gypsy Lore Society. Journal. Liverpool, 1909. 8°. new series. v. 3, p. 81-88.)

Pennell, Elizabeth Robins. *A ramble in old Philadelphia*. (Century Magazine. New York, 1882. 8°. v. 23, p. 655-667.)

KEY TO THE PRONUNCIATION

a as in rat	i as in it	oi as in boy	j as in jest
ā " " father	ī " " breed	u " " cur	ng " " singer
ā " " yawn	ia " " yard	ū " " moon	ngg " " finger
ai " " I	ie " " yet	āī " " gluey	s " " sin
au " " cow	iu " " you	č " " chin	š " " shin
e " " met	o " " not	g " " gate	s " " seal
ē " " hay	ō " " no	χ " " Scottish loch	

b, d, f, h, k, l, m, n, p, r, t, v, w, are pronounced as in English.

THE VOCABULARY

- ač*, to stay, stand, remain. [P. *atčáva*.]
ač aprē, get up, stand up.
ač your *tan*, pitch your tent (or camp).
adârde, hither (*dârdi*).
adoi, there. [P. *otia*.]
adrē, in, into. [P. *andrē*. H. *andar* "within."]
akai, here. [P. *aká*.]
and, to bring, fetch. [P. *anáva*.]
ānj, *hānj*, to scratch (*ānjen*).
ānjaben, the itch; vb. scratches.
ānjen, *hānjen*, to itch, to scratch. [P. *khán-djiouváva*.]
anjī, *ānjī*, it itches.
apophī, *popphī*, *popohī*, again. [P. *pálpale* "derrière."]
aprē, *ūprē*, up, upon (*prē*, *prō*). [P. *oprē*. H. *upar*.]
aprē the *drum*, upon the road.
atraš, afraid (*traš*).
ārā, a cent. [English Gypsy *horro* "penny." German Gypsy *cheiro* "kreuzer."]
āvā, come. [P. *aváva*.]
āvā dordī, come hither (imperative).
āvā kai, come here (imp.).
āvā, yes. [P. *va*. German Gypsy *auwa*.]
āvālī, yes indeed, that is so. [P. *va*.]
avelen, coming. [The -en is the English termination -ing.]
avri, *ovri*, out, away. [P. *avri*.]
baiangera, *baiangro*, *baiengero*, *vaiangeri*, vest, waistcoat.

- bākārō, bākerō*, sheep, lamb. {P. *bakró*. H. *bakrā* "he goat."}
- bax, baxt, bakt*, luck, fortune. {P. *bakht*.}
- bāl*, hair. {P. *bal*. H. *bāl*.}
- balavas, balevas, valevas*, bacon, ham, pork. {A compound of *bālo* and *mas*. P. *balanó mas*.}
- bālo*, pig. {P. *baló*.}
- bār*, stone. {P. *bar*.}
- bār*, fence, hedge. {P. *bári*, garden. H. *bārā* "enclosure."}
- bāri*, enceinte.
- bāro*, big, heavy (*pāro*). {P. *baró*. H. *barā* "large, great."}
- bāro čumbo*, big hill.
- bāro pānī*, the ocean. {Lit. "great water."}
- bašamengero*, fiddle. See *bošamengero*.
- bāšāv*, to play (*boš*). {P. *bashaváva*, to play on any instrument.}
- bavlo*, rich. {P. *barvaló*.}
- bavlo mūš*, rich man.
- bavol*, wind. {P. *balvál*.}
- beng*, devil, temper. {P. *beng*, devil.}
- bengalō*, bad tempered, peevish.
- bērā, bēro*, boat, ship. {P. *beró*. H. *berā* "a raft, float."}
- beš*, year. {P. *bersh*. From the Skt. *varsá*, rain, rainy season, a year. "The term was first applied to the rains, then to the season in which the rains were prevalent, and in course of time to the year itself."}
- beš*, to sit, stay, live. {P. *bešháva*.}
- beš talē*, or *beš telē*, sit down.
- beš talē ūpro pūv*, sit down on the ground.
- bibi, bibi, bivi*, aunt. {P. *bíbi*. H. *bíbi* "lady."}
- bičā, bičar*, to send. {P. *bitchaváva*.}
- biken*, to sell. {P. *biknáva*.}
- bīno*, born. {P. *bendó*, delivered.}
- bišen*, rain. {P. *brishindó*. Skt. *vr̥ṣ*, rain.}
- bišenō divis*, rainy day.
- bišens, biševens, bišums*, it rains.
- bišums sá dives*, it rains all day.
- bitā, bito*, a little. {Norwegian Gypsy *bittan*, a bit. Probably from French *petit* rather than English *bit*.}
- bivi*. See *bibi*.
- bivli jūvol*, a widow (*pivli jūvol*). {P. *pivlī*.}
- bonggo*, lame (*vongga*). {P. *pangó*. H. *bānkā* "crooked."}
- boš*, fiddle.
- boš, bošāven, bāšāven*, to play, playing.
- čaves bāšāven uprē* the drum, the children are playing up the road.
- bošamengero, bōšēmengero*, fiddle, any musical instrument.
- boštō*, saddle. {P. *beshtó*, sat.}
- brokla*, cauliflower.
- būdika, bütēka*, store, shop. {Italian *bottega*, Spanish *bodega*.}
- būgenis, būgnis*, smallpox. {P. *pukni*, abscess. The s is the English plural.}
- bujenggeros*. See *bušengeros*.
- būklo*, hungry. {P. *bokaló*. H. *bhūkh* "hunger."}
- būl*, anus, behind. {P. *bul*.}
- bul-jūkōl*, bull-dog, said of a man — disagreeable fellow. See *jūkāl*.
- bušengeros, bujenggeros*, spurs. {P. *pusaváva*, to prick, spur.}
- būšnikošt*, a spit, wooden skewer.
- būšno*, a spit.
- būšo grai*, a stallion. See *grai*.
- būt*, much. {P. *but*. H. *bahut* "many, much."}
- būtedēr*, more, better. {German Gypsy *fedi-dir*.}
- būtēka*. See *būdika*.
- čā, čā, hā*, to eat, chew. {P. *kháva*. The form *čā* probably due to influence of American dialectal "chaw."}
- čā, čok*, shoe. {Asiatic Gypsy *čekmi*.}
- čā, čār*, grass. {P. *tchar*. H. *chāra* "fodder."}
- čāfa, čafo, čāfa, čufa*, coat, skirt (*čuka*).
- čal, čalov*, to take, strike. {P. *tchalaváva*, to beat.}
- čāvī*, girl. {P. *tchaví*.}
- čāvō*, boy. {P. *tchavó*.}
- čeriklo, čiriklo*, bird. {P. *tchiriclī*. H. *chiriyā*.}
- čero, čereno*, poor, not rich (*čuro*). {P. *tchoró*.}
- čero kūvo, mār dūker lende*, poor thing, don't hurt him.
- čib*, tongue, language. {P. *tchiṣ*.}
- čičī*, very cheap, nothing. {P. *hitch*.}
- čik*, mud, dirt, ashes. {P. *tchik*. Pali *chakam* "dung."}
- čil*, hold (*till*).
- čin*, to cut. {P. *tchináva*.}
- činameskero*, razor, axe, cutting instrument [in general].

činemangero, a letter. [čín "to cut" in continental Romani has the secondary meaning of "to write."]

lestes a keren a činemangero, you are writing a letter.

činger, to tear, quarrel. [P. *tchingár* "misfortune, brawl."]

čiriclo. See *čeriklo*.

čirus, čiris, time. [P. *keros*.]

čiv, to put, to place. [P. *tchiváva*.]

čiv duva adrē tutes putsi, put that in your pocket.

čok. See *čā*.

čokengero, shoemaker.

čor, thief. [P. *tchor*. H. *chor*.]

čāfa. See *čāfa*.

čuka, čupa, sack, a woman's jacket. [? Turkish *chóha*, cloth.]

čūkeni, čūkni, a whip. [P. *tchukni*. See Pott, *Zigeuner*, v. 2, p. 181.]

čūma, a kiss. [P. *tchumí*. H. *chummā*.]

del mande a čūma, give me a kiss.

čūmbo, hill. [P. *tumba* "hillock."]

čumini, something. [German Gypsy *tschomni*.]

del the rai čumini te beš uprē, give the gentleman something to sit on.

čupa. See *čuka*.

čūrī, a knife. [P. *tchorī*, *tchurī*. H. *chhurī*.]

del mande tutes čūrī, give me your knife.

čuro, čoro, poor. [P. *tchoró*.]

čuv, bury.

čuvihōn, a witch. [P. *tchovekhanó*, ghost. H. *jadugarni* "sorceress."]

dad, dād, father. [P. *dad*.]

dadengero, bastard.

dāde. See *dārdi*.

dadus, dimin., father.

dai, mother. [P. *dēi*, *dái*. H. *dāi* "midwife."]

dan, tooth. [P. *dant*. H. *dant*.]

danda, dandar, dander, to bite. [P. *dantáva*.]

dārdi, dordī, dāde, here, hither, look here (*adārde*).

del, *dul*, to give, to strike. [P. *dáva* "to give, kick, hit."]

del mande yāg, give me (a) light.

delaben, a present.

deš, ten. [P. *desh*. H. *das*.]

dik, to look, see; *diken*, looking. [P. *dikáva*.]

dik āvri, look out.

dika dārdi, look here.

diklō, *dikelo*, handkerchief, napkin, tablecloth. [P. *diklō*.]

dinlō, fool, foolish. [P. *dinilō*.]

dives, *dīvis*, day. [P. *divés*.]

divia mūš, crazy man. [Persian *diwāna* "mad."]

divis. See *dives*.

dordī. See *dārdi*.

dōrī, ribbon; *dōrīs*, reins [colloquially "ribbons"].

dosta, enough, plenty, much. [Bulgarian *dosta* "enough."]

dōstā tūgā, lots of trouble.

dovā. See *duva*.

drab, medicine, poison. [P. *drab*, herb, root.]

drabengero, doctor.

dril, pedere. [P. *rül*.]

drin. See *trin*.

drum, road. [P. *drom*. Greek *δρόμος*.]

dūd, a light. [German Gypsy *tūt*.]

dui, *dūi*, two. [P. *dúi*.]

dui mūšās kuren, two men fighting.

mande sis dūi lil, I have two dollars.

dūka, to hurt. [P. *dukáva*, to feel pain.]

dūker, *dūka*, to tell fortunes.

dul. See *del*.

dūmō, back. [P. *dumó*. H. *dum* "tail."]

dūr, *dūro*, far. [P. *dur*. H. *dūr* "far, distant."]

duva, *dovā*, that. [P. *odová*.]

duva čave is roven, that child is crying.

duva mūš pukerd mande duva lende kom tūte, that man told me that he loves you.

mande monged duva, I begged that.

duva čirus, then. [Lit. "that time."]

duvel, *duvahel*, God. [P. *devél*.]

fāšeno, false, counterfeit.

fēr, circus, fair. [From English "fair."]

fetērdār, better. [German Gypsy *fedidir*.]

feterdērus, best.

flek, hog's fat.

foki, people. [English "folk" with Gypsy plural.]

forbisado, forgotten.

- gad*, shirt. {P. *gad*.}
- gâjō*. See *gorjō*.
- gârjō*. See *gorjō*.
- gav*, city, town, village. {P. *gav*, village.}
- gērō*. See *gīrō* and *gorjō*.
- gil*, *gilli*, newspaper (*lil*).
- gīl*, *gīli*, a song, to sing. {P. *ghīli*, song; *ghīlia-bāva*, to sing.}
- giliengero*, *gilier*, singer.
- gīrō*, *gērō*, boy, young man.
- gīv*, weight. {? wheat. G. F. B. P. *ghiv*.}
- gīv*, oats, wheat, any horse feed. {P. *ghiv*.}
- glim*, sun. {A slang word.}
- gōdli*, trouble, noise.
- gōdlō*. See *gūdlo*.
- gōī*, pie, sausage, pudding. {P. *gōī*, a thick sausage.}
- gorjō*, *gâjō*, *gârjō*, *gērō*, a non-Gypsy. {P. *gadjō*.}
- grāfni*, a nail (*krōfni*).
- grai*, horse. {P. *grái*. H. *ghorā*.}
- jā pāle grai*, go back, horse.
- grais čāi*, horseshoe. {The only name Cornelius Cooper, one of Sinclair's Gypsy informants, ever heard for horseshoe. He never heard of *petalo*, the pure Gypsy name. Sinclair adds: "I have asked several recently [1900] who say the same."}
- grānza*, *grānzo*, a stable. {German Gypsy *granscha*.}
- grāsni*, mare. {P. *grasni*.}
- gruveni*, *grūvni*, *gūrūvni*, *gūrūv*, *grūvilā*, ox, cow.
- gūdlo*, *gōdlō*, sugar. {P. *gudlō*, sweets.}
- gūno*, *guna*, a bag, sack. {H. *goni*, Skt. *goni*. The English "gunny."}
- hā*, *hāen*, to eat (*čā*). {P. *khāva*. H. *khānā* "to eat."}
- hāben*, victuals, food. {P. *khābē*.}
- hāen*. See *hā*.
- hānj*, *hājen*. See *ānj*, *ājen*.
- herā*, *heruv*. See *huruv*.
- hev*, window, hole. {P. *khev*.}
- hevyas*, nits.
- hīdzās*. See *īdzas*.
- hočar*, *hočer*, to burn. {German Gypsy *chad-schewawa* (*ch* guttural).}
- hočiwiči*, hedge-hog. {Roast *hočiwiči* is a great Gypsy delicacy. Vaillant, *Grammaire... de la langue des Bohémiens*, p. 108, gives "*hoc'aviça*, porc, épine, hérisson."}
- huka*, to cheat. {Skt. *kuhanā* "hypocrisy."}
- hukāben*, a lie. {P. *khokhamnibe*.}
- hūlevās*, stockings. {In another place Sinclair gives *hūlevo* "stocking."} {German Gypsy *cholib*.}
- hurrov*, *huruv*, *herā*, *heruv*, *hurus*, leg. {P. *gher*, thigh. German Gypsy *hero*.}
- īdzas*, *hīdzās*, clothes.
- īgur*, *ingger*, dung.
- iv*, snow. {P. *iv*.}
- jāl*, *jol*, to go. {P. *djāva*.}
- I'm *jolen* to the *bōro gav*, I am going to the big city.
- jin*, to know. {P. *djināva*.}
- jiv*, to live. {P. *djivāva*.}
- jūb*, *jūv*, louse (*pišum*). {P. *djuv*.}
- jūkal*, *jūko*, *jūkol*, dog. {P. *djukēl*.}
- jūv*. See *jūb*.
- jūvel*, *jūvol*, woman. {P. *djuvél*.}
- kai*, where. {P. *ka*.}
- kai's* Celia, where is Celia?
- kāimengeros*, beau-catcher.
- kākā*, uncle. {P. *kak*.}
- kal*, *kēl*, cheese. {P. *kerāl*.}
- kaliko*, yesterday.
- kālo*, black. {P. *kaló*. H. *kālā*.}
- kam*, *kan*, moon. {? error for "sun." P. *kam* "sun."}
- kām*, *kom*, to love, like, desire. {P. *kamāma*.}
- kamaben*, love, a lover.
- kan*, ear; pl. *kania*. {P. *kann*.}
- kan*, moon. See *kam*.
- kana*. See *kena*.
- kana sig*, right away, quick now!
- kanangero*, *kanengero*, rabbit, hare. {From *kan*, ear.}
- kani*, *kano*, *kanhi*, chicken, hen. {P. *kagni*.}
- kar*, house. See *kēr*.
- karakalo*, a servant.
- kas*, hay. {P. *kas*. H. *ghās* "grass, hay."}
- kašt*, stick, wood. {P. *kasht*, *kash*.}
- kastogis*, hay-rick.
- katsis*, scissors. {P. *kat*. H. *qainchī*.}

- keded*, made, did.
kek, keka, no, not. {P. *kanék*, none.}
kel. See *kal*.
kel, dance. {P. *keláva*.}
kelen, dancing.
kenâ, kana, now. {P. *akaná*.}
ker, kur, to do, to make. {P. *keráva*.}
ker dōstā luvo, make plenty of money.
ker a dūd, make a light.
ker uprē bal, do up the hair.
kēr, kar, house (*kēri*). {P. *ker*. H. *ghar*.}
ker aprē, write.
kerdo, done. {P. *kerdō*.}
kēri, kere, at home (*kūri*). {P. *keré*.}
kester, kistā, to ride. {P. *uklistō*, mounted.}
kičema, saloon, tavern.
kil, butter. {P. *kil*.}
kin, to buy. {P. *kináva*.}
kinō, tired. {P. *khinō*.}
kisi, pocket-book, purse. {P. *kisī* "bag, purse."}
kistā. See *kester*.
klisen, klissene, lock.
klissen the wudar, lock the door.
kō, who. {P. *kon, ka*.}
koklō, kukolo, kūkolo, a doll. {German Gypsy *gukkli*.}
kom. See *kām*.
komla, good-natured.
kona, when. {P. *kánna*.}
konger, a comb, to comb.
konga bal avrī, to comb the hair out.
kongerī, konglī, a comb. {P. *kanglī*.}
kongerī, kōngri, church. {P. *kangherī*.}
konglī. See *kongerī*.
kopar, blanket. {German Gypsy *gappā*; P. *kīrpa*, a dish-clout.}
korī, kārī, korri, domestic cock.
kova, this. {P. *akavá*.}
kova, kūva, thing. {P. *ková*.}
krāfnes, krāfenes, buttons.
krōfni, button, nail (*grāfni*).
krūkus, Sunday. {P. *kurkō*, Sunday, week.}
kūkavī, tea-kettle. {P. *kakkāvi*, kettle.}
kūkero, self. {P. *korkoro*, alone.}
kūkolis, bone. {P. *kókkalo*.}
kukolo. See *koklō*.
kula, a shilling.
kumier, more.
kur. See *ker*, to do.
kūr, to fight, beat. {P. *kuráva*.}
kūra, kuro, cup. {P. *koró*.}
- kūrāmengero*, soldier. {From *kūr* "to fight."}
kūrī, to or at home (kēri).
kurlō, throat. {P. *kurlō*.}
kuro. See *kūra*.
kuronō, blind. {P. *koró*.}
kurov, to cook, boil. {From *ker, kur*, to do.}
kūrren, war, to fight (kūr).
kūšto, good. {German Gypsy *gutsch*. Avestan *ušta*, healthy.}
kūšto baxt, good luck, good bye.
kūšto dikken mūs, good-looking man.
kūšto grai te jol aprē the chumbas, a good horse to go over the hills.
kūšto sālā, how does leste ker to-divis, good morning, how are you to-day?
kūva. See *kova*.
- laš, to find*. {P. *lazdāva*, to pick up.}
lašerdo, found.
leste lašerdo a čūrī, he found a knife.
lade. See *lake*.
laj, shame, ashamed. {P. *ladj*, shame. H. *laj* "bashfulness."}
lake'll be lajd to puker tūte, she'll be ashamed to tell you.
lake, lade, she, her. {P. *lake*.}
lel, lul, to take. {P. *láva*.}
les tūti lel a tav, will you take a smoke?
lende, they, them. {P. *lénde*.}
lendis, they.
leste, he, him. {P. *léste*.}
lesti sī stēti adrē lestes rūji idzas, he is proud in his new clothes.
likia, louse; pl. likyas. {P. *lik* "nit."}
lil, paper, letter, card, book, dollar; pl. lilyā.
{iP. *lil*, paper, book, letter.}
- livena, livna, beer*. {German Gypsy *lowina*.}
lul. See *lel*.
lulo, red. {P. *loló*. H. *lāl*.}
lūn, salt. {P. *lon*. H. *lonī* "salt that effervesces from walls, etc."}
lūr, robber.
luva, money. {P. *lové*.}
lūveni, lūvni, prostitute. {P. *lūbni*.}
- mā, mā, mār, do not*. {P. *ma*.}
mači, fish. {P. *matchó*. H. *machchī* "fish."}
mačka, mǎčka, cat. {P. *matchka*.}
mailyā, donkey.
mākli. See *marikli*.
maklis. See *mariklis*.
mande, mange, I, me. {P. *man*, dative *mānde*, *mánghe*.}

- mâng*, to beg. {P. *mangáva*.}
- mâr, mâr*, to kill. {P. *maráva*.}
- mande mard* the snake, I killed the snake.
- marikli, mâkli, murikli*, a cake. {P. *manrikló*.}
- From *mâro* "bread."
- mariklis, maklis, muriklis*, beads, a necklace.
- {P. *minrikló*.}
- mâro*, bread. {P. *manró, maró*. H. *manri* "starch."}
- mârîkô*, hammer.
- mâs*, meat. {P. *mas*.}
- masov*, a fat animal.
- mâto*, drunk. {P. *matto*.}
- duva mâs's mâto*, that man is drunk.
- men*, neck. {P. *men*.}
- menge, mengi*, we, us. {P. dat. sing. *mânghe*; pl. *amênghe*.}
- mer, mur*, to die. {P. *merava*.}
- meriben, muriben*, life. {"Life is, to a Gypsy, an abstract idea or state, and death is a fact. It terminates life. The Gypsies have therefore taken the preceding state as part of the terminating fact, making death part of a man's life, and thus call life and death by the same name." — Smart and Crofton, *Dialect of the English Gypsies*, 2. ed., p. 108.}
- mî*, my. {P. *mo, mi*.}
- mîa, mîr*, mile. {Vaillant, *op. cit.*, p. 116, gives *mîga* "mille, distance."}
- minj, minč*, female. {So A. T. S. Recte, *pu-denda muliebra*. P. *mindj, mintch*.}
- mišto*, better. {P. *mishtó*, well.}
- misto*, more.
- moker*, to dirty, spoil. {P. *makáva*, to spot, stain.}
- mokerd*, spoiled.
- mor*, do not. {P. *ma*.}
- mûi*, mouth, face. {P. *mûi*. H. *munh* "mouth, face."}
- lende sis komlo diken mûi*, he has a pleasant looking face.
- mûk*, let, allow. {P. *mukáva*.}
- mûkto*, box. {German Gypsy *mochton*.}
- mukjad, mukyerd*, a trunk. {Evidently a variant of *mûkto*.}
- mûlo*, dead. {P. *muló*.}
- mulwat*, tin. {German Gypsy *molewo*, lead.}
- mumeli, mumli, mûmli*, a candle. {P. *momeli, mumeli*, a wax taper. H. *mom* "bee's-wax."}
- mumli koš*, candlestick.
- mur*. See *mer*.
- muren*, to die (*mer*).
- muriben*, to kill. {cf. *meriben*.}
- murikli*. See *marikli*.
- muriklis*. See *mariklis*.
- mûš, man*; pl. *mûšas*. {P. *mursh, mrush*, boy, male.}
- duva mûš si jolen* to get *našov*, that man is going to get hung.
- muskero, muskro*, policeman. {From *moskero* "one who looks."}
- muskero košt*, policeman's club.
- muter, müter*, urine; vb. to urinate. {P. *mutér*.}
- müteramengero*, a teapot.
- müteremengo*, matula.
- nafoli*, sick, ill. {P. *nasvaló*.}
- nâh, nâk*, nose (*nok*). {P. *nak*. H. *nak*.}
- nângo*, naked. {P. *nangó*. H. *nangâ* "naked."}
- našov, našov*, to lose. {P. *nashaváva*.}
- našovd*, hung, hanged. {P. *nashtó*.}
- nâv*, name. {P. *nav*. Persian *nam*.}
- nevi, nîvi*, new. {P. *nevó*.}
- nôgi, nûgi, nûki*, own.
- nok*, nose (*nâh*). {P. *nak*.}
- nokengero, nâkengero*, a glandered horse.
- nûgi, nûki*. See *nôgi*.
- o*, the. {P. *o*. The article was only acquired by the Gypsies after they entered Europe. It is not known to the Gypsies of Asia Minor.}
- odoi*, there. {P. *otiá*.}
- oprê*, upon, up. {P. *opré*.}
- ôra*, time, watch. {P. *óra*.}
- ovri*, out (*avri*).
- pâbol, pâbe*, apple. {P. *pabái*.}
- pača*. See *paša*.
- pâdi, pâti*, lace.
- pâdo, pârdô, purdô*, full. {P. *perdó*.}
- pâdol, pârdol*, over, across. {P. *perdâl* "beyond."}
- mande* was a *bita chavo* when *mande avad pardol* the *bâro pâni*, I was a little boy when I came over the ocean.
- pâias, pârias*, fun. {German Gypsy *perjas*.}
- pal*, brother. {P. *pral*.}
- palâl*, behind. {P. *palái, palé*.}
- pâle*, back. {P. *palé*.}
- pâni, panî*, water, sea. {P. *pani*. H. *pâni*.}
- panj, spânj*, five. {P. *panđ, pantch*. H. *panj*. cf. Panjab — Five rivers.}
- pâno, pârho, pârho*, white. {P. *parnó*.}
- papin, papen*, duck. {P. *papin*, goose; modern Greek *πάπια*.}
- papli, pôpoli*, again (*apophli*).

- pârdo*. See *pâdo*.
pârdol. See *pâdol*.
pârias. See *pâias*.
pârno, *pârno*. See *pâno*.
pâro, heavy (*bâro*). [P. *paró*.]
pasa, *pâsa*, *pâça*, to believe. [P. *pakiáva*. German Gypsy *patschawa*.]
pasâdo, believed.
mande keka pâsado tât, I did not believe you.
paten, *patern*, bunch of leaves, leaves or branch of a tree, showing which way to go at cross roads. [P. *patrin*.]
pâti. See *pâdi*.
pek, to roast. [P. *pekáva*.]
pen, to say, tell. [P. *penáva*.]
pen, sister. [P. *pen*. H. *bahin*, *bahan*; Gujarati *behen*.]
penekel, iron nail.
per, belly, stomach, inside (*vendri*). [P. *per*.]
per, to fall. [P. *perava*.]
pêrâni. See *pîrâni*.
pesâ, *peser*, to pay.
petenengero, blacksmith. [From *pétalo* "a horseshoe."]
pî, drink, to drink. [P. *piáva*.]
piamengro, tea, teapot.
pîr, to walk (*pîren*). [P. *pîráva*.]
pîrâni, *pêrâni*, fem., lover. [P. *pîriani*.]
pîrânô, mas., lover. [P. *pîrianó*.]
pîrdâven, to court, make love to. [P. *pinraváva*.]
pîrdo, one having a little Gypsy blood.
pîren, to walk (*pîr*). [P. *pîráva*.]
pîri, pot. [P. *pîri*.]
pîri, feet. [Cornelius Cooper in 1900 gave *pîri* "foot."]
pîris, feet.
pîro, *pîrû*, *pîrô*, foot. [P. *pinró*, *pîró*.]
pišum, *pâšum*, louse, flea; pl. *pišumo*. [P. *pushúm*.]
pišum, a fit.
piūk, *pyūk*, rat.
pivli jûvol. See *bivli jûvol*.
pivli mûš, widower. [P. *pivlo*; *pivlilo* "widowed."]
plâstâ, chain, shawl. See Pott, *Zigeuner*, v. 2, p. 368.]
poga, *poger*, to break. [P. *pagáva*, *bangáva*.]
pogerd mî swaglâ, I broke my pipe.
ponjnekiš. See *pošnekiš*.
popli, *popoli*. See *apopli*.
pôri, tail, feather. [German Gypsy *por* "feather." P. *pori* "tail."]
pôrus, hill.
pôruses, stairs.
poš, half. [P. *yék-pâsh* "one-half."]
pošêra, cent. [English Gypsy *posh-horri* "half-penny."]
poškûno, half-a-crown. [-*kûno* a corruption of "crown."]
pošnekiš, *ponjnckiš*, handkerchief. [See Pott, *Zigeuner*, v. 2, p. 365.]
prâstâ, *prâster*, go quick, hurry. [Norwegian Gypsy *prashta* "to spring, jump." Avesta *fra-sta* "to run."]
prasteramengero, high sheriff; deserter; runaway horse.
prê, *prô*, upon, up (*aprê*, *ûprê*). [P. *oprê*.]
prô. See *prê*.
puč, to ask. [P. *putcháva*. H. *pûchhnd* "to ask of."]
pûkenes, *pûkenis*, *pûxenes*, a lawyer, justice of the peace. [German Gypsy *pôkôno* "peaceful."]
pûker, *pûkeren*, to tell. [H. *pukâr*, "call, shout."]
pukeren, liar.
pûxenes. See *pûkenes*.
purdô. See under *pâdo*.
pûrô, old. [P. *phurô*, *phuri*. H. *purâna*.]
lende is a *pûrô jinen se jek*, she is an old knowing one.
pûrô kâka, grandfather.
purov, *purav*, to trade, exchange. [P. *paruváva*.]
pûrum, onion. [P. *purúm*.]
pûs, straw. [P. *pûs*. H. *phâs* "old dry grass."]
pûsengero, adj. straw.
pûšum. See *pišum*.
pûtsi, pocket. [P. *bôshka*. German Gypsy *pottissa*.]
pûtsi ketio, pickpocket.
putso, duck. [German Gypsy *retza*.]
pûv, earth, ground. [P. *phuv*, *puv*.]
pûvâkero, white turnip.
pûvengero, potatoes.
rai, gentleman. [P. *rái*. Skt. *râjan* "king."]
raker, *râker*, *râker*, *roker*, to talk. [P. *vra-keráva*.]
raker romani, (can you) talk Gypsy?
rakli, *rakli*, girl. [P. *rakli*. H. *larkî*.]
raklô, boy. [P. *raklô*. H. *larkâ*.]
ran, osier; pl. *ranyias*. [This is really a double pl. -*yia* is Romani pl., to which is added English s.]

- rānī*, girl, young woman. {P. *rānnī*. Skt. *rājñī* "queen."}
- raśai*, minister, clergyman. {P. *rashāi*. Skt. *rishi*.}
- rat*, blood. {P. *ratt*.}
- rati*, *rāti*, *ratti*, night. {P. *ratt*. H. *rāt*.}
- riga*, *riger*, to carry, bring.
- rinkno*, *rinkeno*, pretty. {Norwegian Gypsy *rankanó* "gentle, noble."}
- rinknā rānī hāen haben*, a pretty girl is eating her food.
- riv*, to wear. {P. *uryāva*, *oryāva*.}
- rōi*, spoon. {P. *rōi*. H. *doi* "large wooden spoon."}
- rokāimas*, *rokengeros*, trousers.
- roker*. See *raker*.
- rom*, *rum*, husband, a Gypsy. {P. *rom*.} *leste* is *mīrō rōm*, he is my husband.
- romānis*, *romāni*, adj. gypsy. {P. *romanó*.}
- romni*, *rumni*, wife, a Gypsy woman. {P. *romni*.}
- rov*. See *ruv*.
- roven*. See *ruven*.
- rūdiben*, dressed. {P. *uryaibé*, *uryoibé* "dress, clothing."}
- rūji*, flower; pl. *rūjia*. {English Gypsy *ruzlio*. See also Pott, *Zigeuner*, v. 2, p. 280.}
- rūji*, *rūji*, clean, to clean.
- rūji duva*, clean that.
- rūji* your *kūkerā*, clean yourself.
- rūk*, tree; pl. *rūkyas*. {P. *ruk*. H. *rūkh*.}
- rumā*, *rūmer*, to marry.
- rumani*. See *romani*.
- rumadid*, married.
- rumni*. See *romni*.
- rūp*, silver. {P. *rūp*. H. *rūpā* "silver," *rūpayā* "rupee."}
- rūpeno*, adj. silver. {P. *rūpovanó*.}
- rutso*, duck.
- ruv*, *rov*, to cry. {P. *rovāva*. H. *ronā* "to cry, to weep."}
- ruven*, *roven*, crying.
- sā*, *sār*, all, every.
- sālā*, morning. {P. *disiola* "it dawns."}
- sālā*, come up.
- salovājes*, *solōvāges*, bridle. {P. *sulivāri*.}
- sap*, snake. {P. *sapp*.}
- sapen*, soap. {P. *sapuni*.}
- sāšān*, *sāršān*, *šāšān*, how are you. {P. *sar* "how."}
- sašta*, *sašter*, kettle-stick, iron. {P. *shastir*, *sastér*.}
- saštas*, handcuffs, irons.
- sasta*, *sāsta*, *sāsto*, chain, iron (*sašta*). {Skt. *śastra* "weapon of iron."}
- sav*, to laugh. {P. *asāva*.}
- šādo*, cup. {? metathesis or back slang. P. *tāsi* "cup"; English Gypsy *dash* "cup."}
- šāds*, dishes. {As *šādo*.}
- šāk*, cabbage. {P. *shakh*.}
- šan*, are. {P. *isān*.}
- šel*, one hundred. {P. *shel*.}
- šelo*, halter, rope. {P. *sholó*, *sheló*.}
- šero*, head. {P. *sheró*. H. *sir*.}
- šil*, slow.
- šil*, cold. {P. *shil*.}
- šileno*, adj. cold. {P. *shilaló*.}
- šōšāi*. See *šāšāi*.
- štār*, *stār*, *stār*, four. {P. *star*. Skt. *chatur*.}
- šūba*, *šūbā*, *šūvā*, dress.
- šuf*, *šuk*, six. {P. *shov*, *sho*.}
- šūka*, *šūkar*, soft, low, nice, easy, slow (*skūka*).
- šukadilo*, a plate. {? Italian *scodella* "porringer."}
- šukāri*, sixpence. {English Gypsy *shookhauri*.}
- šūn*, to hear. {P. *shunāva*. Hindi *sunna*.}
- šūnta*, silence. {From *šūn*.}
- šūšāi*, *šōšāi*, rabbit, hare. {P. *shoshói* "hare."}
- šut*, vinegar. {P. *shut*.}
- šūvā*. See *šūba*.
- šūvli*, enceinte.
- si*, is. {P. *isí*.}
- sig*, quick. {P. *sigo*.}
- siker*, to show. {P. *sikava*.}
- sis*, to have.
- siv*, a needle. {P. *suv*. H. *sūi*.}
- siv*, to sew. {P. *sivāva*.}
- siven*, sewing.
- skamin*, *skame*, *skamo*, brush.
- skaut*, a watch. {A tinker word.}
- skūka*. See *šūka*.
- skūnias*, *skūnyas*, boots. {German Gypsy *skorni* "hoot."}
- smeltum*, cream. {German Gypsy *schmin-dana*.}
- sō*, what, why, how. {P. *so* "what."}
- sō puro si tūte*, how old are you?
- solōvāges*. See *salovājes*.
- spānj*, five (*panj*).
- stadī*, hat. {P. *stadik*.}
- stādo*, arrested, imprisoned.
- stania*, *stanya*, harn, stable. {German Gypsy *steinia*. Avesta *stāna* "a stall, stable."}
- stār*, *stār*. See *štār*.

staramengero, prisoner.

stāriben, prison. [P. *astardī* "that which one holds;" *astaribē* "arrest."]]

stēto, proud.

stiga, gate.

sūm, to smell. [P. *sungáva*.]

sūmin, *sūmun*, *sūmun*, soup, broth. [P. *zumí*. German Gypsy *summin*.]

sūnikai, *sūniki*, gold. [P. *soonakái*. H. *sonā*.]

sūnikō, adj. of gold, golden.

sūti, *sūti*, sleep. [P. *sováva*; p. part. *suttó*, *sottó*.]

suwāhāl, to swear. [P. *sovél-khalióm* "I have sworn."]]

swaglā, *swagli*, a pipe.

tači, *tačo*, right, true. [P. *tchatchunó* "true."]]

tad, *tād*, to pull. [P. *tradava* "to draw."]]

tai, also. [See Pott, *Zigeuner*, v. 1, p. 308.]]

talē, *telē*, down. [P. *telé*.]

tan, camp, tent, place. [P. *tan* "place;" *Ka-túna* "tent."]]

tan to *ker* the *yāg adrē*, place to make the fire in [periphrasis for "stove."]]

tānō. See *tārno*.

tārno, *tāno*, young. [P. *ternó*.]

tato, hot. [P. *tattó*; *tattiaráva* "to warm."]]

tato pani, whiskey, brandy. [Lit. "hot water."]]

tato čirus, Summer [Lit. "hot time"].]

tav, thread. [P. *tav*.]

tav, a smoke; vb. to smoke. See *tāvla*.

te, to. [Pasp. *te*.]

telē. See *talē*.

tem, country. [P. *tem* "people, world."]]

temengero, an Irishman.

teri, *tēri*, life, to live.

till, hold. [P. *teráva* "to have;" 3. per. sing. *terēla*.]

trō. See *trō*.

tranyar, *tranyur*, trousers.

traš, fear, afraid (*atraš*). [P. *trasháva* "to fear."]]

mor be *atraš*, don't be afraid.

trin, *drin*, three. [P. *trin*.]

tringāši, *trinūši*, shilling. [P. *trín* "three," and *ghroshia* "piastres"]]

trō, *trō*, thy. [P. *tinró*.]

trūpyas, *trūpios*, corsets. [German Gypsy *trupo* "body."]]

tūčni, basket. [P. *kóshnika* "basket."]]

tūd, milk. [P. *tut*. H. *dūdh*.]

tūg, *tūga*, *tūgo*, trouble.

tūlāben, grease, fat. [From *tūlo*.]

tūlo, adj. fat.

tūsā, all about, with you. [P. *túsa* "with you."]]

tūt, *táte*, you. [P. dat. *túte*.]

túte hī kúšto dans, you have good teeth.

túte hī vasido, you are sick.

túte ker dōsta gōdli, you make too much noise.

túte kúšta diken muš, you are a good-looking man.

túte rinkna rāne, you are a pretty young lady.

tūv, to wash. [P. *továva*.]

tūven, wash.

mande's jolen te tūven the *māš's gad*, I am going to wash the man's shirt.

tūvla, *tūvlo*, tobacco. [P. *tuv*.]

mande'll del túte bāt tūvlo if *túte'll pen mande nevi romani lavs*, I'll give you plenty of tobacco if you'll tell me (some) new Gypsy words.

ūkto, twenty. [This must be an error for "eight," P. *okhtó*, *ohtó*.]

uprē. See *aprē*.

vāiangeri. See *baiangero*.

vaino. See *waino*.

valen, *valin*, bottle. [German Gypsy *walin*; Finnish Gypsy *vali* "glass."]]

valevas. See *balavas*.

vāngiš, ring (*wāngiš*). [P. *angustré*.]

vâro, flour. [P. *varó*.]

vasido, bad.

vasido drum, a bad road.

vasido mūš, a bad man.

vasival, sick, ill.

vasivalnes, sickness.

vast, hand; pl. *vastes*, *vastas*. [P. *vast*.]

velgōrus, *welgōro*, a fair. [See Smart and Crofton, *Dialect of the English Gypsies*, p. 149-150.]]

ven, *wen*, winter. [P. *vent*, *vend*.]

vendri, *vendro*, belly, intestines. [Finnish Gypsy *vendri*. H. *antari* "an intestine."]]

veš, a wood. [P. *vesh*.]

vešengero, keeper. [Gamekeeper, G. F. B.]]

vongga. See *bonggo*.

vudar. See *wida*.

vūšt, lip. [P. *vusht*.]

wādres, *wādrus*, bed.

waino, *vaino*, angry. [German Gypsy *hoino*.]

waip, handkerchief. [Slang, a "wipe." G.F.B.]]

wānga, *wāngar*, *wānger*, coal, money. [P. *angár* "coal." H. *angārā* "embers."]]

wāngiš, a ring, a bit, a piece (*vāngiš*).

waver, other, another. [P. *yavér*.]

welgōro. See *velgōrus*.

wen. See *ven*.

werdar, *werder*, *wurdo*, *wurdur*, a wagon, cart. [P. *vordon*.]

wīd, a horse with the heaves.

wida, *wido*, *wudar*, door. [P. *vudar*.]
ker the *wido*, shut the door.

wisa, *wiser*, to throw, toss.

wisa a bār, throw a stone.

wudar. See *wida*.

wurdas, cards. [From the assonance of *carts* and *cards*.]

wurdo. See *werdar*.

wurdur. See *werdar*.

yāg, *yâg*, fire. [P. *yag*.]

yāgā, *yāger*, to hunt, shoot.

yāgāmengero, keeper [i. e. game-keeper, G. F. B.].

yāgāmengero, *yāgāmengero*, *yagameskero*, gun

yājufo, apron.

yāk, *yâk*, eye. [P. *yak*.]

yākmūš, policeman. [In English Gypsy *yogmoosh* "gamekeeper."]

yākmūš avellen, a policeman (is) coming.

yāro, egg. [P. *vanró*, *arnó*.]

yek, one. [P. *yek*.]

yūjī, clean; vb. to clean. [P. *kosháva*, *ghosháva* "to clean."]

zī, soul, mind, heart. [P. *oghī*; Asiatic Gypsy *ghī*; Persian (dial.) *zīl*.]

zūmun, soup (*sumin*).







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